

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Propane (4175-20, 4175-21, 4175-20C, 4175-21C)

Other means of identificationNot available.Recommended useRefrigerantRecommended restrictionsNone known.Manufacturer informationNu-Calgon

2611 Schuetz Road St. Louis, MO 63043 US

Phone: 314-469-7000 / 800-554-5499

Emergency Phone: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

Supplier See above.

2. Hazard identification

Physical hazards Flammable gases Category 1

Gases under pressure Refrigerated liquefied gas

Simple asphyxiants Category 1

Health hazards Not classified.
Environmental hazards Not classified.
WHMIS 2015 defined hazards Not classified

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable gas. Contains refrigerated gas; may cause cryogenic burns or injury. May

displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear cold insulating

gloves and either face shield or eye protection. Wear respiratory protection.

Response Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. In case of leakage,

eliminate all ignition sources. Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area.

Get immediate medical attention.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal Dispose of container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

WHMIS 2015: Health Hazard(s)

not otherwise classified

(HHNOC)

None known

None known

WHMIS 2015: Physical Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (PHNOC)

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/Information on ingredients

Substance

Chemical nameCommon name and synonymsCAS number%Propane74-98-6100

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or

others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist

ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Clothing frozen to the skin should be thawed before being removed. In case of contact with Skin contact

liquefied gas, thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get medical

attention immediately.

some cases with tissue damage.

Immediately flush with cool water. Remove contact lenses, if applicable, and continue flushing for Eye contact

15 minutes. Obtain medical attention immediately.

Not likely, due to the form of the product. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, have Ingestion

victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Never give anything by mouth if victim is

unconscious or is convulsing. Obtain medical attention.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Headache. Dizziness. Fatique. Nausea, vomiting. Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself. Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Keep out of reach of children.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

General information

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide.

None known.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Do not extinguish a leaking gas fire unless leak can be stopped. In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices as icing may occur. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of tanks due to fire. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

General fire hazards

Extremely flammable gas. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when

exposed to heat or flame.

Hazardous combustion products

May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

In the event of a leak evacuate all personnel until ventilation can restore oxygen concentrations to safe levels. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds or public waters.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not smoke. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Cold burns may occur during filling operations. Containers and delivery lines may become cold enough to present cold burn hazard. Never allow any unprotected part of the body to touch uninsulated pipes or vessels that contain cryogenic liquids. Prevent entrapment of liquid in closed systems or piping without pressure relief devices. Some materials may become brittle at low temperatures and will easily fracture. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not enter storage areas or confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Oxygen concentration should not fall below 19.5 % at sea level (pO2 = 135 mmHg). Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good industrial hygiene practices in handling this material. When using do not eat or drink.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep out of reach of children.

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

| Canada, Alberta OELs (Occupati | onal Health & Safety Code, Sche | dule 1, Table 2) | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Material | Туре | Value | |
| Propane | TWA | 1000 ppm | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | TWA | 1000 ppm | |
| Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry Material | of Labor - Regulation respecting Type | ן occupational health and safety) Value | |
| Propane | TWA | 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | TWA | 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm | |
| Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (O Material | ccupational Health and Safety Re | egulations, 1996, Table 21) Value | |
| Propane | 15 minute | 1250 ppm | |
| | 8 hour | 1000 ppm | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | 15 minute | 10E0 nnm | |
| 1 Topane (0/10 / 4-30-0) | TO THINIALO | 1250 ppm | |
| Tropane (ONO 14-30-0) | 8 hour | 1000 ppm | |
| , | | 1000 ppm | |
| , | 8 hour | 1000 ppm | |
| US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for A Material | 8 hour ir Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.10 | 1000 ppm | |
| US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for A | 8 hour ir Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.10 Type | 1000 ppm 00) Value 1800 mg/m3 | |
| US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for A Material Propane | 8 hour ir Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.10 Type PEL | 1000 ppm Value 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm | |
| US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for A Material Propane Components | 8 hour ir Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.10 Type PEL Type PEL PEL | 1000 ppm Value 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm Value 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm | |
| US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for A Material Propane Components Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | 8 hour ir Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.10 Type PEL Type PEL | 1000 ppm Value 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm Value 1800 mg/m3 | |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Value Components Propane (CAS 74-98-6) **TWA** 1800 mg/m3

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering

controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

1000 ppm

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Face-shield. Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear cold insulating gloves. Confirm with a reputable supplier first.

Other As required by employer code. Always wear thermal protective clothing when handling

refrigerated/cryogenic liquids.

Where exposure guideline levels may be exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator. Respiratory protection

> Respirator should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134),

CAN/CSA-Z94.4 and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. Thermal hazards

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. When using do not eat or drink.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Pressurized cylinder **Appearance**

Physical state Gas.

Form Pressurized cylinder

Not available. Color Not available. Odor Not available. Odor threshold Not available. pН

Melting point/freezing point -305.68 °F (-187.6 °C)

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

-43.78 °F (-42.1 °C) 101.325 kPa

Pour point 0.59 at -45 °C Specific gravity

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

2.36

Not available.

-156.0 °F (-104.4 °C) Closed Cup Flash point

Evaporation rate Not available Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable gas.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

>= 2.1

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

<= 9.5

Not available. Explosive limit - lower (%) Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

953.25 kPa (77 °F (25 °C)) Vapor pressure

1.56 at 0°C Vapor density Not available. Relative density Solubility(ies) $0.1 \, g/I$

842 °F (450 °C) **Auto-ignition temperature** 1202 °F (650 °C) **Decomposition temperature Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Density 0.59 g/cm3 estimated at -45 °C Dynamic viscosity 0.08 mPa.s (64.22 °F (17.9 °C))

Explosive properties Not explosive. Flash point class Flammable IA 44 kJ/g

Heat of combustion (NFPA

Kinematic viscosity

30B)

0.1367 mm²/s estimated

Molecular formula C3-H8 44.09 g/mol Molecular weight Not oxidizing Oxidizing properties

16 mN/m (-52.6 °F (-47 °C)) **Surface tension**

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Do not mix

with other chemicals.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon.

11. Toxicological information

Routes of exposure Eye, Skin contact, Inhalation, Ingestion.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not a normal route of exposure. The product is a gas at room temperature. Ingestion

Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations that reduce oxygen Inhalation

below safe breathing levels.

Skin contact Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage. Eye contact Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and

toxicological characteristics

Headache. Dizziness. Fatigue. Nausea, vomiting. Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself. Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in

some cases with tissue damage.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product | Species | Test Results |
|---------|---------|--------------|
| Propane | | |
| Acute | | |

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 1442738 mg/m3, 15 Minutes, ECHA

Components **Test Results Species**

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Not available

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 800000 ppm, 15 Minutes, ECHA

1442738 mg/m3, 15 Minutes, ECHA

1443 mg/L, 15 Minutes, ECHA

Oral

LD50 Not available

Skin corrosion/irritation Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage. Exposure minutesNot available.Erythema valueNot available.Oedema valueNot available.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage.

Corneal opacity value Not available.

Iris lesion value Not available.

Conjunctival reddening Not available.

value

Conjunctival oedema value Not available.

Recover days Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity See below.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Teratogenicity Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity - Not classified.

single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not likely, due to the form of the product.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Not available.

Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential

No data is available on the degradability of this substance.

Mobility in soil

Mobility in general

Other adverse effects

No data available.

Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulationsDispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

Transport of Dangerous Goods (TDG) **Proof of Classification**

Classification Method: Classified as per Part 2, Sections 2.1 – 2.8 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations. If applicable, the technical name and the classification of the product will appear below.

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)

Basic shipping requirements:

UN number UN1978 **Proper shipping name** Propane

Hazard class Limited Quantity - US

Special provisions 19, T50, N95

Packaging exceptions 306
Packaging non bulk 304
Packaging bulk 306

Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG - Canada)

Basic shipping requirements:

UN number UN1978 **Proper shipping name** PROPANE

Hazard class 2.1

Packing group <0.125L-Limited Quantity

Special provisions 88

DOT



TDG



15. Regulatory information

Canadian federal regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Canada NPRI VOCs with Additional Reporting Requirements: Mass reporting threshold/Identification Number

Propane (CAS 74-98-6) 1 TONNES

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

WHMIS 2015 Exemptions Not applicable

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components of this material are on the TSCA Inventory.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely

hazardous substance SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Yes

No

chemical

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Classified hazard categories

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Gas under pressure Simple asphyxiant

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US state regulations See below

US - Illinois Chemical Safety Act: Listed substance

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US - Louisiana Spill Reporting: Listed substance

Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Listed.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Listed substance

Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Listed.

US - Texas Effects Screening Levels Hazard Data: Simple asphyxiant

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US - Texas Effects Screening Levels: Listed substance

Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Listed.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. California Proposition 65

Not Listed.

Inventory status

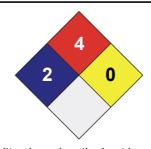
| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information







Disclaimer

The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. Information contained herein was obtained from sources considered technically accurate and reliable. While every effort has been made to ensure full disclosure of product hazards, in some cases data is not available and is so stated. Since conditions of actual product use are beyond control of the supplier, it is assumed that users of this material have been fully trained according to the requirements of all applicable legislation and regulatory instruments. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made and supplier will not be liable for any losses, injuries or consequential damages which may result from the use of or reliance on any information contained

in this document.

Issue date 20-February-2023

Version # 02

Effective date 20-February-2023

Prepared by Nu-Calgon Technical Service Phone: (314) 469-7000

Further information Not available.

| Other information | For an updated SDS, please contact the supplier/manufacturer listed on the first page of the document. | | |
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